

Catalogue

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1. Brief introduction

1.1 YJX-058A Mini thermal dot line printing mechanism

of a number of franchised companies to print more uniform design, operation more stable movement of small size, wide operating voltage (4.2 V-8.5V), high efficiency, and other features. Unique design allows YJX-058A is easily installed paper, high reliability characteristics.

1.2 Characteristics

- ◆ Easy loading paper
- ◆ small size, light weight
- ◆ base-metal, metal gear shaft, stable, reliable, high life, excellent thermal properties
- ◆ print speed (up to 60 mm / s)
- ◆ Power relief work (4.2 V-8.5V)
- ◆ print high accuracy (8 dots / mm)
- ◆ mechanical wear-resistant long life (more than 50 km)
- ◆ low noise: brushless magnetic incentive stepper motor drive; high wear resistance, low temperature resistant high gear special engineering plastics components to a very low noise transmission.
- ◆ Applicability: YJX-058A in the installation of structural and electrical socket and compatible with YJX-058A 628MCL101 movement, YJX-058A S installed in the structure and electrical socket and compatible with -628MCL103 movement of instruments applicable to micro-thermal printers and thermal printing paper, such as electronic cash registers.

1.3 Description

The manual describes movement YJX-058A/RS series of electrical characteristics and mechanical properties. That is the movement of the composition, the basic parameters of the scope of adaptation, as well as peripheral interface definitions and structure size. The Company reserves the right to amend this manual or improved it. If you need the latest version of the manual, can be directly and Ningbo Technology Co., Ltd..

Not in accordance with this manual for the design, Ningbo Technology Co., Ltd does not guarantee the reliability of its work.

2 Specifications Parameter

| | |
|--|--|
| Project | explanation |
| Print method | Thermal |
| Effective printing width (mm) | 48 |
| Heater resolution (dot/mm) | 8 |
| Printing Dots of per line | 384dots |
| Paper width | 58 |
| Dot pitch (mm) | 0.125mm |
| Dot size | 0.125mmx0.12mm |
| Printing speed | 70mm/s |
| Thermal head temperature detection: | Via thermistor |
| Paper detection: | Via photo interrupter |
| Head working voltage(V) | 4.2~8.5 |
| Logic voltage(V) | 2.7~5.25 |
| Motor voltage | 4.2~8.5 |
| Operating temperature: | +0℃ ~50℃ |
| Operating humidity | 20%~85%RH |
| store temperature | -20℃ ~60℃ |
| store humidity | 5%~95%RH |
| Machine noise | <60dB |
| Platen open-close times | >5000 times |
| Thermal paper traction force | ≥50g |
| Thermal paper grasp brake force | ≥80g |
| Printing life | >50km,Thermal life is 10⁸ pulse |
| Mass(g) | 40.5 |
| Outline dimension(D x W x H) | 72±1.5mm*33±0.5mm*15.5±0.5mm |

3. Thermal head Parameter

3.1 rated parameters

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Heating points | 384dots/line |
| Dot pitch | 0.125mm |
| Dot size | 0.125mm*0.12mm |
| Per step | 0.0625mm |
| printing width | 48 mm |
| Paper width | 54 mm |
| average resistance | 176Ω ± 4% |
| Working voltage | 4.2V-8.5V |
| Pulse life | 10 ⁸ pulse |
| Machine wearing life | 50km |
| Life test condition | 25°C |
| The time of heating not less than | 12.5%. |

3.2 the maximum permit parameter (environment temperature 25°C)

| parameter | code | Maximum Ratings | condition |
|---------------------|-------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Loop printing | S.L.T | 1.25 | Tsub=25°C |
| Heating energy | | 0.20 mJ/dot | |
| Heating voltage | VH | 8.5V | Normal voltage 7.2V |
| Logic voltage | Vdd | 7V | Including the maximum voltage |
| Logic input voltage | Vin | -0.5V~Vdd+0.5V | |
| Working voltage | Ta | 65°C | Thermistor temperature |
| printing dots | | 64 dots | |

3.3 Recommend parameter

| item | code | electric parameter | Term | |
|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|--|--------------------|
| Consume power | P _o | 0.24W/dot | R _{av} =176Ω, V _{dd} =5V, printing dots: 64dots | |
| Furnish voltage | V _H | 7.2V | | |
| Loop print | S.L.T | 1.25ms/line | | |
| consume energy | 5 | E _o (Ton) | 64dots same time heating | |
| | 25 | | | 0.16mJ/dot(0.67ms) |
| | 45 | | | 0.13mJ/dot(0.54ms) |
| Consume current | I _o | 2.4A | | |

3.4 count formula

Heating energy by the following formula:

$$P_0 = I_0^2 \times R_{av} = \frac{VH^2 \times R_{av}}{(R_{com} \times N + R_{av} + R_{ic} + R_{lead})^2}$$

$$\therefore Ton = \frac{E_0}{P_0}$$

$$\therefore P_0 = \frac{E_0}{Ton}$$

$$VH = \sqrt{p_0 \div R_{av} \times (R_{com} \times N + R_{av} + R_{ic} + R_{lead})}$$

thereinto:

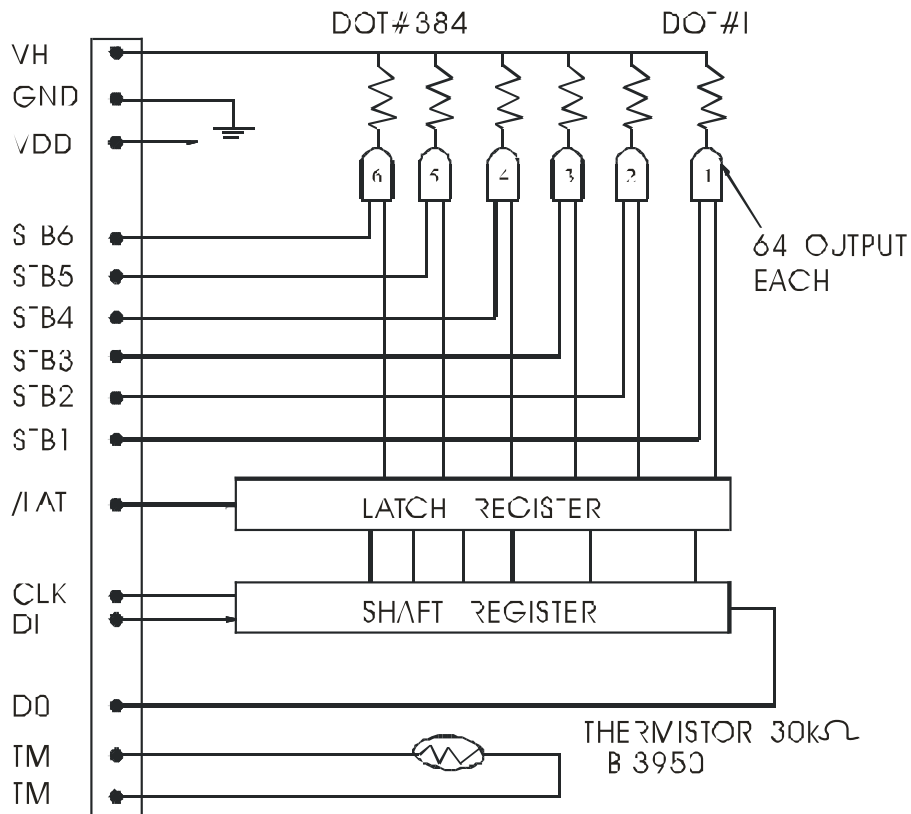
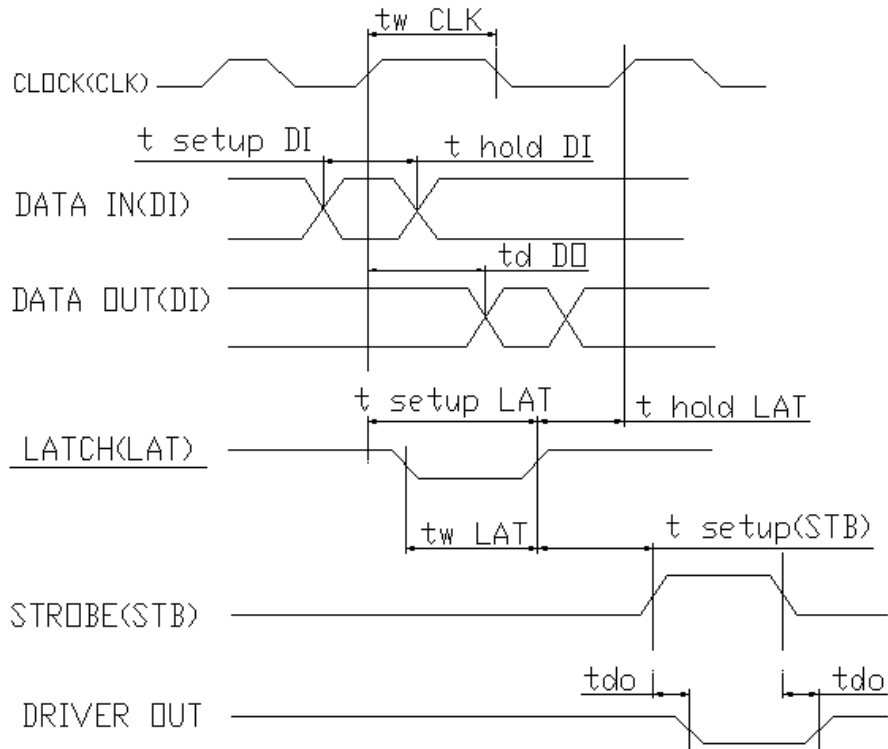
| | | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-------|
| R _{av} : | average resistance | 176Ω |
| N: | contemporary print 64dots | 64dot |
| R _{com} : | common resistance | 0.05Ω |
| R _{ic} : | drive resistance | 6Ω |
| R _{lead} : | lead resistance | 10Ω |

3.6 Electric parameter (25 ± 10°C)

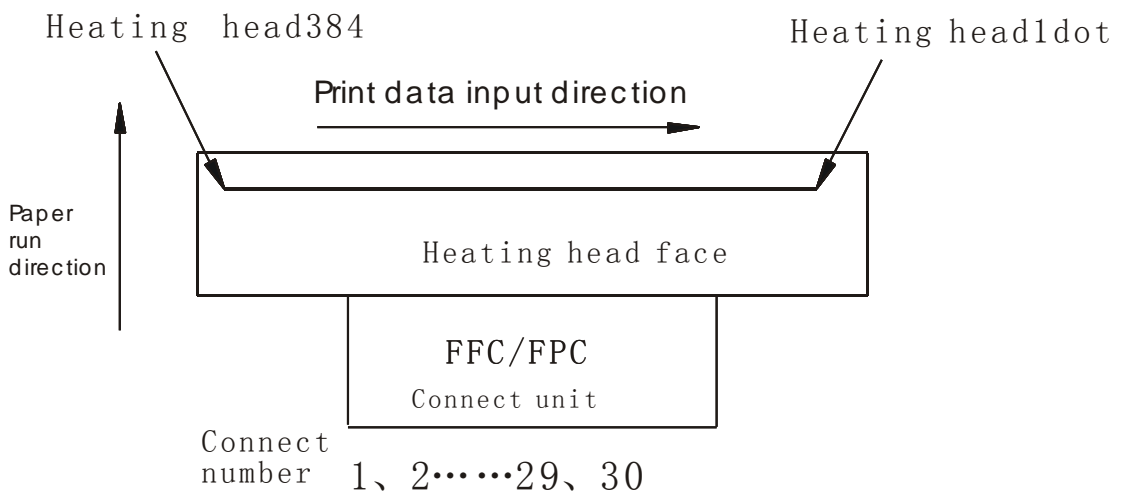
| Item | Code | Least | Typical | Most | Unit | Term |
|------------------------------|------|--------|---------|--------|------|---------------------------------|
| Print voltage | VH | -- | -- | 8.5 | V | |
| Logic voltage | Vdd | 2.7 | 5.0 | 5.25 | V | *1 |
| Logic current | Idd | -- | -- | 54 | mA | fDI=fclk/2 |
| Input voltage(high) | VIH | 0.8Vdd | -- | Vdd | V | STB, DI, LAT, CLK |
| Input voltage(low) | VIL | 0 | -- | 0.3Vdd | V | |
| Latched dinput current(high) | IIH | -- | -- | 3.0 | μA | VIH=5V |
| Heating input current(high) | | -- | -- | 30 | | |
| Clock input current(high) | | -- | -- | 3.0 | | |
| Data input current(high) | | -- | -- | 0.5 | | |
| Latch input current(low) | IIL | -- | -- | -3.0 | μA | VIL=0V |
| Heating input current (low) | | -- | -- | -0.5 | | |
| Clock input current (low) | | -- | -- | -3.0 | | |
| Data input current (low) | | -- | -- | -0.5 | | |
| Data output voltage(high) | VDOH | 4.45 | -- | -- | V | Open , Vdd=4.5V |
| Data output voltage (low) | VDOL | -- | -- | 0.05 | V | |
| Output voltage | VOL | -- | (1.0) | -- | V | Drive output part, reference |

3.7 Time Characteristic (25 ± 10°C)

| Parameter | Code | Speed | | | Unit | Term |
|------------------------|------------|-------|---------|------|----------|----------------------------|
| | | Least | Typical | Most | | |
| Clock frequency | fCLK | -- | -- | 8 | Hz | $3 \leq V_{dd} \leq 5.525$ |
| | | -- | -- | 5 | MHz | $2.7 \leq V_{dd} < 3$ |
| Clock width | twCLK | 30 | -- | -- | ns | Inquiry time |
| Data establish time | testup DI | 30 | -- | -- | ns | |
| Data maintenance time | thold DI | DI | -- | -- | ns | |
| Data time delay | td DO | -- | -- | 120 | ns | |
| | | -- | -- | 150 | ns | |
| Latch pulse width | tw LAT | 100 | -- | -- | ns | |
| Latch establish time | testup LAT | 200 | -- | -- | ns | |
| Latch maintenance time | thold LAT | 50 | -- | -- | ns | |
| Heating establish time | testup STB | 300 | -- | -- | thold DI | |
| Output time delay | tdo | -- | -- | 10 | μs | 5V(V _{dd}) |
| | | -- | -- | 60 | μs | 2.7V(V _{dd}) |



| Gating (STB) No | Dot No | Dot/foot |
|-----------------|------------|----------|
| 1 | 1 to 64 | 64 |
| 2 | 65 to 128 | 64 |
| 3 | 129 to 192 | 64 |
| 4 | 193 to 256 | 64 |
| 5 | 257 to 320 | 64 |
| 6 | 321 to 384 | 64 |



(Caution: this photo's direction is face the thermal head)

3.8 Notice item

When close the printing mechanism, please turn off the power.

Heating control signal

When the printing mechanism voltage is open/close, please pay

attention to the heating control signal close you must

assure the following voltage

VH 0V~10V Vdd 0V~7V

Other signal GND-0.5V~ Vdd+0.5V

4 Stepping motor

Stepping motor go ahead one step, the paper go ahead 0.0625mm.

4.1 Stepping Motor Parameter

| Item | Specification | Term |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|------|
| Rated voltage | 4.2~8.5V | |
| Phase | 2phase | |
| Step angle | 9degrees by 1-2phase excitation | |
| Step distance | 0.0625mm | |
| Phase resistance | $10\Omega \pm 7\%$ | 20°C |
| Phase current | 0.357A | |
| Drive way | 1-2 phase excitation of the bipolar | |

4.2 Stepping Motor Phase

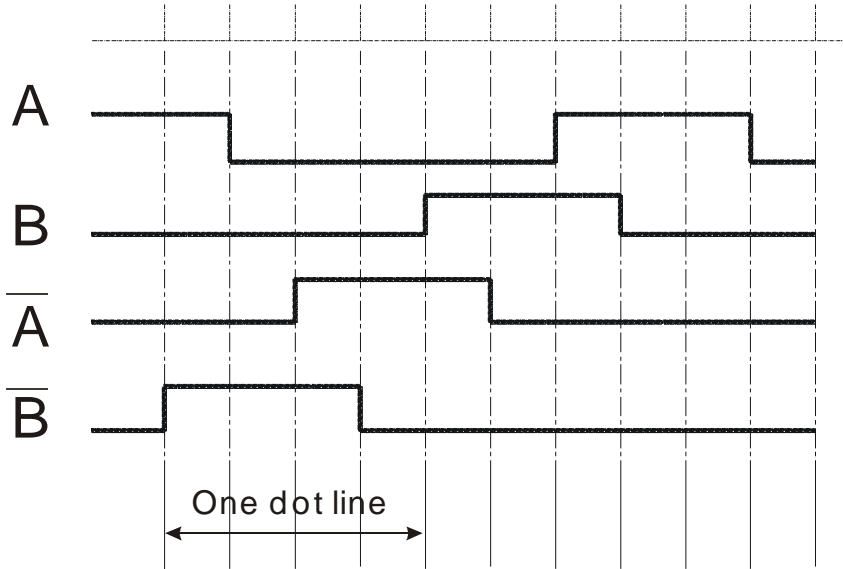
YJX-058A stepping motor with the 1-2 phase excitation of the bipolar ,

there are 4 position。 **As the table below shows :**

| Position | STEP1 | STEP2 | STEP3 | STEP4 |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| A | + | - | - | - |
| B | - | - | - | - |
| \bar{A} | - | - | + | + |
| \bar{B} | + | + | + | - |

Driving procedures of the stepping motor (1-2phase)

Motor shift CCW (face motor gear)



4.3 Drive of the stepping motor

We recommend use the PWM mode in the stepper motor drives, such as the L3967 or driver chips. For different motor speed using different drive current. This will effectively reduce the stepper motor fever, and effectively reduce the noise Step print.

The following table for the largest movement of the stepper motor speed drives

| Operating temperate | Frequency of the motor drive | Duty cycle (%) |
|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| 5.0DCV | 500PPS | 60 |
| 7.2 DCV | 1050PPS | 30 |
| 8.5 DCV | 1120PPS | 15 |

To avoid stepping motor overheating, the design of the complete machine on the table as far as possible below the duty cycle; if you want to the electricity is open, the longest time of not more than 30 seconds.

5 paper detection and platen ready detection switch

5.1 Paper Detection

YJX-058A/RS serial adopt a reflective photoelectric sensor detection-off, the major role of the photoelectric sensors is:

A: paper detection

B: through the sign of printing paper we can position the print paper

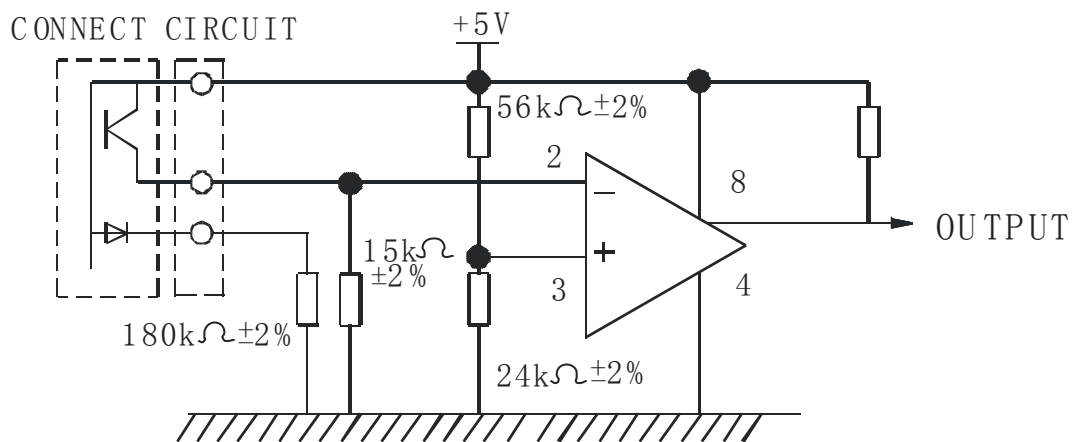
As shown below, when the shortage of paper, issued by the photoelectric detection can not be reflective optical, output HIGH. When it is normal paper, a photoelectric detection of light being reflected by the reception, low output, optoelectronic switching circuit driven, as shown below, when the shortage of paper, the printer will not start heating, when the lack of paper , the input must reduce speed (decreasing drive motor-driven pulse frequency PPS).

The parameter of the largest

| | Item | Code | Number | Unit |
|--------|-------------------------------|------|--------|------|
| Input | positive direction current | IF | 50 | mA |
| | opposite direction current | VR | 5 | V |
| | The lowest power | P | 70 | mW |
| Output | Collector to emitter voltage | VCEO | 20 | V |
| | Emitter to collector voltage | ECO | 5 | V |
| | Collector current | IC | 20 | mA |
| | The lowest power of Collector | PC | 70 | mW |

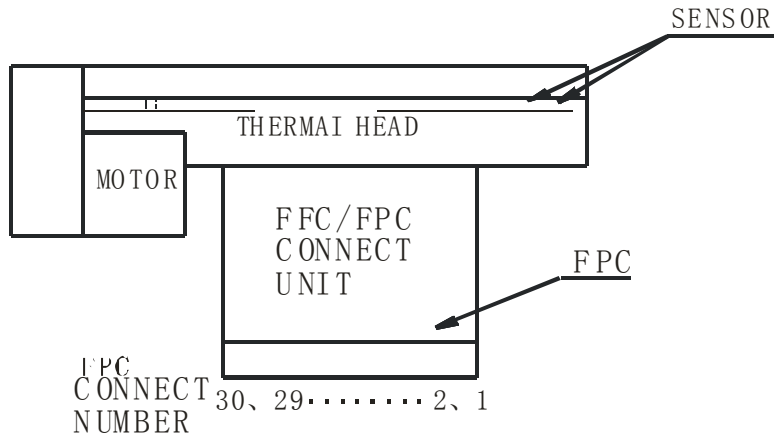
Photoelectricity parameter (25°C):

| Item | | Item | Condition | Number | | | Unit |
|-------------------------|--|-----------|-------------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|---------------|
| Input | Positiv direction current | VF | IF=10mA | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.6 | V |
| | opposite direction current | IR | VR=5V | | | 10 | μA |
| Output | Collector to emitter voltage | BVCEO | IC=0.5mA | 20 | | | V |
| | Emitter to collector voltage | BVECO | IE=0.1mA | 5 | | | |
| | Collector dark current | ICEO | VCE=10V IF=0mA | | | 200 | nA |
| Coupling characteristic | Collectortoemitter saturation voltage drop | VCE (SAT) | IC=2mA Ee=1mW/cm ² | | | 0.4 | V |
| | Sensor current | Ic | VCE=5V IF=10mA | 150 | | 600 | μA |
| | drain current | ILEAK | IF=10mA VCE=5V | | | 1 | μA |
| | ascend/decline time | Tr/Tf | VCE=5V IF=1mA RL=100 Ω | | 5/5 | | μs |



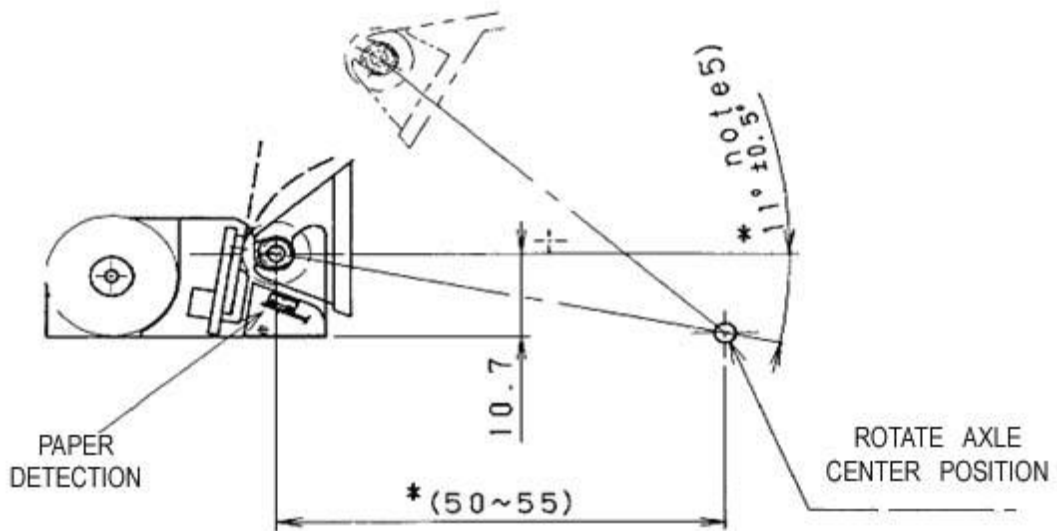
6. interface definition

| No. | Symbol | Signal name | No. | Symbol | Signal name |
|-----|--------|-------------------------------|-----|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | PHK | Cathode for photo interrupter | 16 | TM | thermistor |
| 2 | VSEN | Paper sensor power | 17 | TM | thermistor |
| 3 | PHE | Emitter for photo interrupter | 18 | STB3 | Strobe 3 |
| 4 | N.C | Non contact | 19 | STB2 | Strobe 2 |
| 5 | N.C | Non contact | 20 | STB1 | Strobe 1 |
| 6 | VH | Head drive power | 21 | GND | Head ground |
| 7 | VH | Head drive power | 22 | GND | Head ground |
| 8 | DI | Data in | 23 | LAT | Data latch |
| 9 | CLK | clock | 24 | DO | Data out |
| 10 | GND | Head ground | 25 | VH | Head drive power |
| 11 | GND | Head ground | 26 | VH | Head drive power |
| 12 | STB6 | Strobe 6 | 27 | MT/A ⁻ | Excitation signalA ⁻ |
| 13 | STB5 | Strobe 5 | 28 | MT/A | Excitation signalA |
| 14 | STB4 | Strobe 4 | 29 | MT/B ⁻ | Excitation signalB ⁻ |
| 15 | Vdd | Logic power | 30 | MT/B | Excitation signalB |

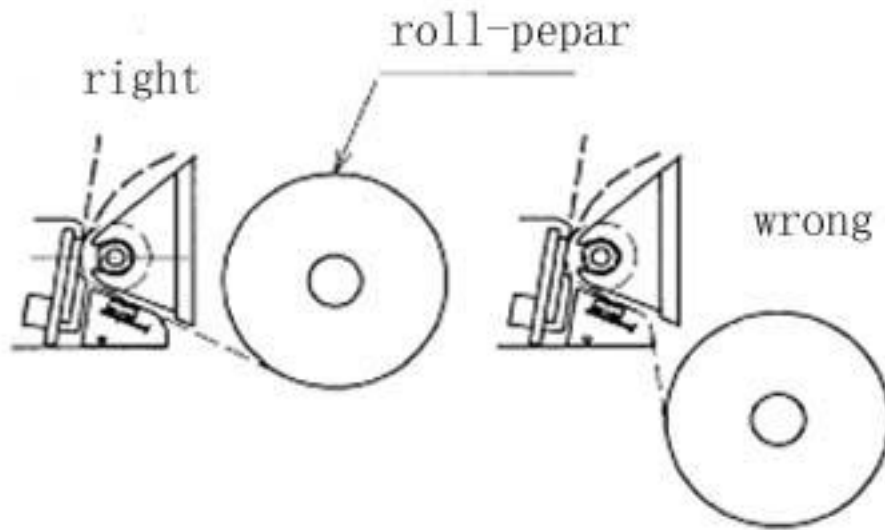


7 .Mechanism design reference

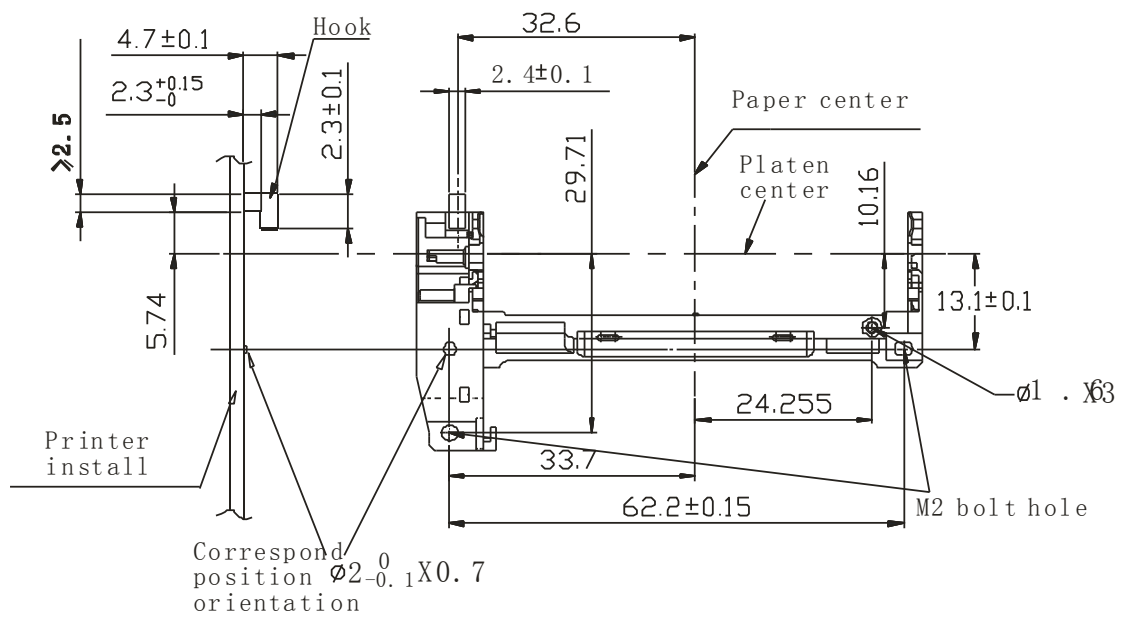
7.1 Easy loading paper structure design



7.2 Paper container structure design



7.3 Assemble structure size



7.4 Mechanical dimension

