<Full-SiC Modules>

## FMF400BX-24A

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE
INSULATED TYPE
(
<Full-SiC Modules>

## FMF400BX-24A

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE
INSULATED TYPE
MAXIMUM RATINGS $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Item | Conditions | Rating | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V ${ }_{\text {DSX }}$ | Drain-source voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=-15 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1200 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {GSS }}$ | Gate-source voltage | D-S short-circuited | $\pm 20$ | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | Drain current | DC | 400 | A |
| IDRM |  | Pulse, Repetitive, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Note.3) | 800 |  |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ | Total power dissipation | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}=25}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Note.2, 4) | 1485 | W |
| Is (Note.1) | Source current | DC | 400 | A |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SRM }}$ (Note.1) |  | Pulse, Repetitive, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad$ (Note.3) | 800 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {isol }}$ | Isolation voltage | Terminals to base plate, RMS, $f=60 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{AC} 1 \mathrm{~min}$ | 4000 | V |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {v } \text { max }}$ | Maximium junction temperature | Instantaneous event (overload) | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {cmax }}$ | Maximum case temperature | (Note.2) | 125 |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {vjop }}$ | Junction temperature | Continuous operation (under switching) | $-40 \sim+150$ |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Storage temperature | - | $-40 \sim+125$ |  |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Item | Conditions ${ }^{\text {(note } 10)}$ |  | Limits |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| IDsx | Drain-source cut-off current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DSX}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=-15 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | - | 22 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=800 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=-15 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | - | 0.5 |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {GSS }}$ | Gate-source leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Gss}}$, D-S short-circuited |  | - | - | 0.5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {GS (th) }}$ | Gate-source threshold voltage | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=135 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=10 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.5 | 1 | 1.6 | V |
| $r_{\text {DS(on) }}$ (chip) | Static drain-source On-state resistance | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=400 \mathrm{~A}$, | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 3.2 | - | $\mathrm{m} \Omega$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=15 \mathrm{~V}$ (Note.6) | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 5.6 | - |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS} \text { (on) }}$ (chip) | Static drain-source On-state voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=400 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=15 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 1.3 | - | V |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 2.02 | - |  |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 2.2 | - |  |
| $V_{\text {DS(on) }}$ (terminal) | Static drain-source On-state voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=400 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=15 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 1.66 | 2.3 | V |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 2.38 | - |  |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 2.56 | - |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {iss }}$ | Input capacitance | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | 35 | - | nF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {oss }}$ | Output capacitance |  |  | - | 13 | - |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {rss }}$ | Reverse transfer capacitance |  |  | - | 1 | - |  |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{G}}$ | Gate charge | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=600 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=400 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=15 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | 1400 | - | nC |
| $t_{\text {d } \text { (on) }}$ | Turn-on delay time | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=600 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=400 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V} \text {, } \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{G}}=4.4 \Omega \text {, Inductive load } \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 120 | - | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | Rise time |  |  | - | 80 | - |  |
| $t_{\text {d ( off) }}$ | Turn-off delay time |  |  | - | 420 | - |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}$ | Fall time |  |  | - | 60 | - |  |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{C}}$ | Drain-source charge |  |  | - | 2 | - | $\mu \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SD}}{ }^{\text {(Note.1) }} \\ & \text { (chip) } \end{aligned}$ | Source-drain voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}=400 \mathrm{~A} \quad \text { (Note.6) } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=-15 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 1.7 | - | V |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 2.2 | - |  |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 2.4 | - |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SD}}{ }^{\text {(Note.1) }}$ (terminal) | Source-drain voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}=400 \mathrm{~A} \quad \text { (Note.6) } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=-15 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 2.05 | 2.45 | V |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 2.55 | - |  |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 2.75 | - |  |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\text {on }}$ | Turn-on switching energy per pulse | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=600 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}=400 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{G}}=4.4 \Omega, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \\ & \text { Inductive load } \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 11 | - | mJ |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\text {off }}$ | Turn-off switching energy per pulse |  |  | - | 20 | - |  |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\text {rec }}{ }^{\text {(Note.1) }}$ | Diode switching energy per pulse |  |  | - | 0.5 | - |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DD }+ \text { SS }}$ | Internal lead resistance | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Note.2) |  | - | 1.0 | - | $\mathrm{m} \Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{g}}$ | Internal gate resistance | per Tr1a chips total, per Tr1b chips total, per Tr2a chips total, per Tr2b chips total (internal connection in page 5.) |  | - | 1.1 | - | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{L}_{\text {s }}$ | Internal stray inductance | P-N |  | - | 18 | - | nH |

Caution; No short-circuit capability is designed.
<Full-SiC Modules>
FMF400BX-24A
HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE INSULATED TYPE

THERMAL RESISTANCE CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Item | Conditions | Limits |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{th}(\mathrm{j}-\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{Q}}$ | Thermal resistance ${ }^{\text {(Note.2) }}$ | Junction to case, per Tr1a chips total, per Tr1b chips total, per Tr2a chips total, per Tr2b chips total, (internal connection in page 5.) | - | - | 84 |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{th}(\mathrm{j}-\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{D}}$ |  | Junction to case, per Di1a chips total, per Di1b chips total, per Di2a chips total, per Di1b chips total, (internal connection in page 5.) | - | - | 122 | kW |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{th}(\mathrm{c}-\mathrm{s})}$ | Contact thermal resistance ${ }^{\text {(Note.2) }}$ | Case to heat sink, Thermal grease applied (Note.8) | - | 15 | - | K/kW |

NTC THERMISTOR PART

| Symbol | Item | Conditions | Limits |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{25}$ | Zero-power resistance | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad$ (Note.2) | 4.85 | 5.00 | 5.15 | k $\Omega$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{R} / \mathrm{R}$ | Deviation of resistance | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{R}_{100}=493 \Omega$ (Note.2) | -7.3 | - | +7.8 | \% |
| $\mathrm{B}_{(25 / 50)}$ | B-constant | Approximate by equation (Note.7) | - | 3375 | - | K |
| $\mathrm{P}_{25}$ | Power dissipation | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Note.2) | - | - | 10 | mW |

<Full-SiC Modules>

## FMF400BX-24A

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE
INSULATED TYPE

## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Item | Conditions |  | Limits |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | Mounting torque | Main terminals | M 6 screw | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.5 | $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ |
| $\mathrm{M}_{\text {s }}$ |  | Mounting to heat sink | M 5 screw | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.5 |  |
| $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{s}}$ | Creepage distance | Terminal to terminal |  | 12 | - | - | mm |
|  |  | Terminal to base plate |  | 13.6 | - | - |  |
| $\mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | Clearance | Terminal to terminal |  | 10 | - | - | mm |
|  |  | Terminal to base plate |  | 12.3 | - | - |  |
| m | mass | - |  | - | 390 | - | g |
| $e_{c}$ | Flatness of base plate | On the centerline X, Y (Note.5) |  | $\pm 0$ | - | +100 | $\mu \mathrm{m}$ |

*: This product is compliant with the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (RoHS) directive 2011/65/EU.
Note1. Represent ratings and characteristics of the anti-parallel, source-drain free wheeling diode (FWD).
2. Case temperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{c}}$ ) and heat sink temperature $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{s}}\right)$ are defined on the each surface (mounting side) of base plate and heat sink just under the chips. Refer to the figure of chip location.
3. Pulse width and repetition rate should be such that the device junction temperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}$ ) dose not exceed $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj} \mathrm{max}}$ rating.
4. Junction temperature ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}$ ) should not increase beyond $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vjmax}}$ rating.
5. The base plate (mounting side) flatness measurement points ( $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ ) are as follows of the following figure.

6. Pulse width and repetition rate should be such as to cause negligible temperature rise. Refer to the figure of test circuit.
7. $\mathrm{B}_{(25 / 50)}=\ln \left(\frac{\mathrm{R}_{25}}{\mathrm{R}_{50}}\right) /\left(\frac{1}{\mathrm{~T}_{25}}-\frac{1}{\mathrm{~T}_{50}}\right)$
$\mathrm{R}_{25}$ : resistance at absolute temperature $\mathrm{T}_{25}[\mathrm{~K}] ; \mathrm{T}_{25}=25\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]+273.15=298.15[\mathrm{~K}]$
$\mathrm{R}_{50}$ : resistance at absolute temperature $\mathrm{T}_{50}[\mathrm{~K}] ; \mathrm{T}_{50}=50\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]+273.15=323.15[\mathrm{~K}]$
8. Typical value is measured by using thermally conductive grease of $\lambda=0.9 \mathrm{~W} /(\mathrm{m} \cdot \mathrm{K})$.
9. Use the following screws when mounting the printed circuit board (PCB) on the standoffs. " $\varphi 2.6 \times 10$ or $\varphi 2.6 \times 12$, B1 tapping screw"
The length of the screw depends on the thickness (t1.6) of the PCB.
10. Per switch (ex. Tr1 chips total in page.5)

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Symbol | Item | Conditions | Limits |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {DD }}$ | (DC) Supply voltage | Applied across aP/bP-aN/bN | - | 600 | 850 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}(+)}$ | Gate (-source drive) voltage (positive) | Applied across aG1-aS1/bG1-bS1/ aG2-aS2/bG2-bS2 | 13.5 | 15 | 16.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {GS(-) }}$ | Gate (-source drive) voltage (negative) | Applied across aG1-aS1/bG1-bS1/ aG2-aS2/bG2-bS2 | -16.5 | -15.0 | -9 | V |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{G}}$ | External gate resistance ${ }^{\text {(Note.11) }}$ | Per switch | 2.2 | - | 18 | $\Omega$ |

Note 11. The value of external gate resistance should be considered the surge voltage not to exceed the rating voltage in the worst system condition.
<Full-SiC Modules>
FMF400BX-24A
HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE
INSULATED TYPE
CHIP LOCATION (Top view)


Tr1/Tr2: SiC-MOS, Di1/Di2: SiC-SBD, Th: NTC thermistor


Internal connection
<Full-SiC Modules>
FMF400BX-24A
HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE
INSULATED TYPE
TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORMS


Switching test circuit and waveforms (x: Connected a* or b*)


MOSFET Turn-on switching energy


MOSFET Turn-off switching energy


Diode switching energy

Turn-on / Turn-off switching energy and Diode switching energy test waveforms (Integral time instruction drawing)
TEST CIRCUIT

$V_{\text {DS(on) }}$ test circuit ( x : Connected $\mathrm{a}^{*}$ or $\mathrm{b}^{*}$ )


VSD test circuit , $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=-15 \mathrm{~V}$ ( x : Connected $\mathrm{a}^{*}$ or $\mathrm{b}^{*}$ )
Note: The characteristics curves are presented for reference only and not guaranteed by production test, unless otherwise noted.


Tr1\&Di1


Tr2\&Di2
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SD} \text { (on) }}$ test circuit , V GS $=+15 \mathrm{~V}$ ( x : Connected $\mathrm{a}^{*}$ or $\mathrm{b}^{*}$ )
<Full-SiC Modules>

## FMF400BX-24A

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE
INSULATED TYPE

PERFORMANCE CURVES
OUTPUT
CHARACTERISTICS
(TYPICAL)


DRAIN-SOURCE ON STATE VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)


DRAIN-SOURCE ON STATE VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)


## FMF400BX-24A

high power switching use
INSULATED TYPE

## PERFORMANCE CURVES

FREE WHEELING DIODE FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)


CAPACITANCE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)


## SOURCE-DRAIN ON STATE VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



GATE CHARGE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)
$I_{D}=400 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


## FMF400BX-24A

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE
INSULATED TYPE

## PERFORMANCE CURVES



HALF-BRIDGE
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=600 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{G}}=4.4 \Omega, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, INDUCTIVE LOAD, PER PULSE


HALF-BRIDGE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=600 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=400 \mathrm{~A}$,
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, INDUCTIVE LOAD


HALF-BRIDGE
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=600 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}=400 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{vj}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, INDUCTIVE LOAD, PER PULSE


## FMF400BX-24A

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE
INSULATED TYPE

## PERFORMANCE CURVES

RECOMMENDED GATE RESISTANCE (MINIMUM)

RECOMMENDED GATE RESISTANCE (MINIMUM)



TURN OFF, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Gs}}= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$




Note: The characteristics curves are presented for reference only and not guaranteed by production test, unless otherwise noted.

## Keep safety first in your circuit designs!

This product is designed for industrial application purpose. The performance, the quality and support level of the product is guaranteed by "Customer's Std. Spec.".
Mitsubishi Electric Corporation puts its reasonable effort into making semiconductor products better and more reliable, but there is always the possibility that trouble may occur with them by the reliability lifetime such as Power Cycle, Thermal Cycle or others, or to be used under special circumstances(e.g. high humidity, dusty, salty, highlands, environment with lots of organic matter / corrosive gas / explosive gas, or situation which terminal of semiconductor products is received strong mechanical stress).
In the customer's research and development, please evaluate it not only with a single semiconductor product but also in the entire system, and judge whether it's applicable. Furthermore, trouble with semiconductors may lead to personal injury, fire or property damage. Remember to give due consideration to safety when making your circuit designs, with appropriate measures such as (i) placement of substitutive, auxiliary circuits (e.g. appropriate fuse or circuit breaker between a power supply and semiconductor products), (ii) use of non-flammable material or (iii) prevention against any malfunction or mishap.

## Notes regarding these materials

-These materials are intended as a reference to assist our customers in the selection of the Mitsubishi semiconductor product best suited to the customer's application; they do not convey any license under any intellectual property rights, or any other rights, belonging to Mitsubishi Electric Corporation or a third party.
-Mitsubishi Electric Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, or infringement of any third-party's rights, originating in the use of any product data, diagrams, charts, or circuit application examples contained in these materials.
-All information contained in these materials, including product data, diagrams and charts represents information on products at the time of publication of these materials, and are subject to change by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation without notice due to product improvements or other reasons. It is therefore recommended that customers contact Mitsubishi Electric Corporation or an authorized Mitsubishi Semiconductor product distributor for the latest product information before purchasing a product listed herein.
The information described here may contain technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. Mitsubishi Electric Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, liability, or other loss rising from these inaccuracies or errors.
Please also pay attention to information published by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation by various means, including the Mitsubishi Semiconductor home page (www.MitsubishiElectric.com/semiconductors/).
-When using any or all of the information contained in these materials, including product data, diagrams, and charts, please be sure to evaluate all information as a total system before making a final decision on the applicability of the information and products. Mitsubishi Electric Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, liability or other loss resulting from the information contained herein.
-Mitsubishi Electric Corporation semiconductors are not designed or manufactured for use in a device or system that is used under circumstances in which human life is potentially at stake. Therefore, this product should not be used in such applications.
Please contact Mitsubishi Electric Corporation or an authorized Mitsubishi Semiconductor product distributor when considering the use of a product contained herein for any specific purposes, such as apparatus or systems for transportation, vehicular, medical, aerospace, nuclear, or undersea repeater use.
-In the case of new requirement is available, this material will be revised upon consultation.
-The prior written approval of Mitsubishi Electric Corporation is necessary to reprint or reproduce in whole or in part these materials.

- If these products or technologies are subject to the Japanese export control restrictions, they must be exported under a license from the Japanese government and cannot be imported into a country other than the approved destination.
Any diversion or re-export contrary to the export control laws and regulations of Japan and/or the country of destination is prohibited.
-Please contact Mitsubishi Electric Corporation or an authorized Mitsubishi Semiconductor product distributor for further details on these materials or the products contained therein.

Generally the listed company name and the brand name are the trademarks or registered trademarks of the respective companies.

